

# United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/332,317	06/14/1999	JAMES D. BENNETT	P93-00-DD	P93-00-DD 2769	
7590 03/14/2005			EXAMINER .		
JAMES BUCH ENGATE INCORPORATED 1302 E FOREST AVENUE WHEATON, IL 60187			ELISCA, PIERRE E		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3621		
		•	DATE MAILED: 03/14/200	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
$\bigvee$	09/332,317	BENNETT ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Pierre E. Elisca	3621
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replection of the period for reply septified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stature Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	. 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tinology by within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 I</u> 2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ Thi  3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4)  Claim(s) 6-53 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 6-53 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examin 11.	cepted or b) objected to by the edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documer  2. Certified copies of the priority documer  3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri  application from the International Burea  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat ority documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D  5) Notice of Informal F  6) Other:	

Application/Control Number: 09/332,317 Page 2

Art Unit: 3621

### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This Office action is in response to Applicant's amendment, filed on 12/02/2004.

2. Claims 6-53 are pending.

3. The rejection to claims 6-27 under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being unpatentable over

Buchanan et al in view of Griggs as set forth in the Office action mailed on 10/01/2003

is maintained.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 6-53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being unpatentable over

Buchanan et al. (U.S. Pat. No. 5,148,366) in view of Griggs (U.S. Pat. NO. 4,435,617).

As per claims 6, 11, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25 and 26-253

Buchanan substantially discloses a document generation system that is provided for

enhancing or replacing the dictation and transcription process. A computer-based

documentation system utilizing a document structure manipulated by a user interface...

Application/Control Number: 09/332,317

Art Unit: 3621

see., abstract, col 2, lines 30-48 (which is readable as Applicant's claimed invention wherein it is stated that a transcription system used to convert [convert or replace or the boiler-plates for managing patient reporting from voice to text] words spoken during a transcription proceeding to a textual form for real time), the transcription system comprising: a transcriber that produces, in real time, a first document comprising transcript text representative of words during the testimonial proceeding (this limitation is disclosed by Buchanan in the abstract, lines 7-16, col 6, lines 10-47, and also col 1, lines 35-68, col 2, lines 1 and 2, specifically wherein it is stated that a plurality of different reports (hospital's words spoken (or first document) can be generated for different needs. For, example, a physician will probably create a separate report for initial visits and for follow visits by a particular patient as well as separate report for writing (textual form) a prescription);

data storage that stores data representative of at least one document relating to the transcription proceeding, the at least one second document comprising an exhibit (this limitation is disclosed by Buchanan in col 4, lines 3-68, specifically relational database, it is obvious to recognize that within the textual form (or second document) there are exhibits, such as patient x-ray, catscan and on);

a user input device supporting the selection of the at least one document (this limitation is disclosed by Buchanan in col 4, lines 18-39, specifically the keyboard 18).

It is noted that **Buchanan** does not explicitly disclose a screen that displays the transcript text as it is produced. However, **Griggs** discloses a speech-controlled phonetic device that utilizes a two-tier approach for converting an audio input into visual

form and the speech-controlled also includes a printer display for displaying transcript data (see., fig 1, element 36, col 3, lines 58-68, col 4, lines 1-14). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the process of dictating and transcribing of **Buchanan** by implementing a screen display as taught by **Griggs** because such modification would provide the process of dictating and transcribing of **Buchanan** with the enhanced necessary to produce, in real time, a simultaneous printed or displayed output which is, to the greatest extent possible (see., Griggs, col 2, lines 65-68, col 3, line 1).

As per claims 7, 12, 14, 15, 21, Buchanan discloses the claimed limitation, wherein a processor that responds to the user input device as the transcriber produces the transcript text by associating at least a portion of the transcript text with the at least one document (this limitation is disclosed by Buchanan in col 3, lines 26-33, fig 1, element 6).

As per claim 8, Buchanan discloses the claimed limitation, wherein the transcript text is stored in data storage (this limitation is disclosed by Buchanan in col 3, lines 26-33, fig 1, element 2).

As per claims 9, 10, Buchanan discloses the claimed limitation, wherein the user input device supports selection of the portion of the transcript text stored in data

Art Unit: 3621

storage and wherein the screen displays the portion of the transcript text (this limitation is disclosed by Buchanan in col 4, lines 18-39).

### REMARKS

- 6. In response to claims 6-27, Applicant argues that the prior art of record taken alone or in combination do not teach or suggest:
- a. "data storage that stores data representative of at least <u>one second</u> document". As specified by the Examiner in the Office action mailed on 03/08/2002, this limitation is disclosed by Buchanan in col 4, lines 3-68, specifically relational database or data storage, Applicant should note that the relational database 2 also includes information concerning selections of different option text segments within a particular document structure.
- b. "A screen that displays the transcript text as it is produced and the image of the at least a first document (or words spoken) and textual document for viewing". However, the Examiner respectfully disagrees as this limitation is disclosed by Griggs, specifically wherein it is stated that a speech-controlled phonetic device that utilizes a two-tier approach for converting an audio input into visual form and the speech-controlled also includes a printer display for displaying transcript data [ transcript data or transcript text] (see., fig 1, element 36, col 3, lines 58-68, col 4, lines 1-14). Therefore, Applicant's argument is moot.
- c. Applicant also maintains that Buchanan and Griggs cannot combined, the Examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the

Application/Control Number: 09/332,317

Art Unit: 3621

teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071,5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992).

The rationale to modify or combine the prior art does not have to be expressly stated in the prior art; the rationale may be expressly or impliedly contained in the prior art or it may be reasoned from knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art, established scientific principles, or legal precedent established by prior case law. In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988); In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). See also In re Eli Lilli & Co., 902 F.2d 943, 14 USPQ2d 1741 (Fed. Cir. 1990) (discussion of reliance on legal precedent); In re Nilssen, 851 F.2d 1401, 7USPQ2d 1500 (Fed. Cir. 1988) (references do not have to explicitly suggest combining teachings); Ex parte Clapp, 227 USPQ 972 (Bd. Pat. App & Inter); and Es parte Levengood, 28 USPQ2d 1300 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1993) (reliance on logic and sound scientific reasoning).

Also in reference to Ex parte Levengood, 28 USPQ2d, 1301, the court stated that "Obviousness is a legal conclusion, the determination of which is a question of patent law.

Motivation for combining the teachings of the various references need not to explicitly found in the reference themselves, In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981). Indeed, the Examiner may provide an explanation based on logic and sound

Art Unit: 3621

scientific reasoning that will support a holding of obviousness. In re Soli, 317 F.2d 941 137 USPQ 797 (CCPA 1963)."

d. " data storage that stores data representative of at least a first document and a second document relating to the transcription proceeding". As stated above, this limitation is disclosed in col 4, lines 3-68, specifically relational database 2.

### Conclusion

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Pierre E. Elisca whose telephone number is 703 305-3987. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 to 5:00.

Application/Control Number: 09/332,317 Page 8

Art Unit: 3621

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Trammell can be reached on 703 305-9769. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Pierre Eddy Elisca

**Primary Patent Examiner** 

March 08, 2005